



* Funding for Charter Schools available from State, Federal and private organizations. * State funding from General funds. * All General fund appropriation for School Based Budgeting (EDN 100), Instructional Support (EDN 200), State Administration (EDN 300) and School Support (EDN 400). * Special Ed services provided by DOE.

Background (continued)

- * Employee fringe benefits paid by Budget and Finance (B&F), not a cost of the schools.
- * All employees of the state belong to a union. Increases negotiated through collective bargaining provided by State.
- * Charter Schools do not receive facility funding.

Background (continued)

- * State Funding provided on a per pupil basis
- * Total of EDN 100, 200, 300, 400 appropriations divided by total public school students (K-12)
- * Charter schools receive their pro rata share (Charter School students/total students x Total of EDN 100, 200, 300, 400)

Historical Per Pupil Amounts

* Per pupil allocations:

Year	Amount per Pupil
2009-2010	\$ 5,753.18
2010-2011	5,363.00
2011-2012	5,454.00
2012-2013	5,950.18
2013-2014	5,994.69

Funds Disbursement

- * Funds disbursed via ACH transfer in three payments:
 - * 60% disbursed by July 20 based on estimated enrollment provided May 15
 - * 30% disbursed by December 1, including adjustments for actual enrollment as of October 15
 - * 10% disbursed by June 30
 - * For first year, plan on 13-month year (July July)

Federal Funding Ted Pirsig, Federal Programs Manager

Title I: High Poverty Students

- * Feds measure poverty by "free-and-reduced lunch" count; 47.2% to qualify.
- * Funding is based on prior-year student count, so no funds in first year.
- * Funds are based on poverty students but program can be for entire school.
- * Currently \$359-\$453 per student, depending on island. Requires application and plan.

Title II: Teacher Quality

- * Three types of Title II funds:
 - * Funds based on \$150 per Non-HQ. Restricted to NHQ-to-HQ expenses.
 - * Funds based on \$250 per HQ teacher. Prof. dev. for all teachers and admin.
 - * Supplemental professional development grants. Amounts vary year to year.

Title III: English Language Learners

* Small amount based on number of ELL students. Strictly limited uses.

Special Education

* Positions provided by DOE based on number and needs of Special Ed students.

Impact Aid

* No use restrictions. Amounts vary year to year, currently \$285 per student.

Facilities and Other Challenges Tom Hutton, Executive Director

New Charter Schools

- * Conversion schools: Charter school retains use of campus
- * Start-up schools: Currently must provide for facilities needs out of operating funds
- * Same per pupil funding for conversions and start-ups

Start-ups

- * If DOE is to close school and not use facility for education programs, BOE to notify charter schools and solicit applications for use of facility
 - * Enrollment reality check
- * Renovation and retrofitting costs
- * Compliance with occupancy, code, zoning etc.
 - * Nonprofit landlords may not have documentation
- * Opportunity: Nontraditional settings (Kakaako?)

Prospects?

- * Progress by the time schools from this cycle open?
- * Break legislative impasse?
- * More consensus on why, less on how?
- * Accountability focus may help
- * Act 159 of 2013 authorized Commission to seek facilities funding to be awarded on basis of need and performance
- * Doesn't hurt that revenue trend is positive

Collective Bargaining

- * Master agreements can have cost implications for planning a new, innovative school
- * Departure from master agreements possible via supplemental agreement, but may have a cost
 - * Union sensitivity: Supplementals undermining hardwon gains?
 - * E.g., extended learning opportunities

Hawaii State Public Charter School Commission	
Pre-RFA Orientation	September 6, 2013

Instructional Cost Variation

- * High-needs populations
 - * DOE schools: Weighted Student Formula
 - * Charter schools: Per pupil the same
- * Grade levels
 - * Higher staffing costs at higher grade levels
 - * Per pupil amount does not differentiate

Leveraging

- * Next topic!
- * Community partnerships
- * Innovation, thematic focus, and compelling educational needs all can be powerfully persuasive
- * Act 130 on governing boards
- * Among the charter school movement's strongest rationales

Fundraising and Resources

Executive Director of the Hawaii Public Charter School Network